The base of the multi-phase Galactic outflow





European Research Council

Gabriele Ponti INAF OA Brera - MPE





How do galaxies evolve?



The Baryon cycle



The Baryon cycle

Tumlinson +17

10⁶⁻⁷ K

300 kpc



The Baryon cycle

Tumlinson +17

10⁶⁻⁷ K

300 kpc

Hot Baryons: Bulk of Baryons Re-condensation Driver outflows

AGN and Starbursts influence CGM

MS 0735.6+7421: Chandra/Hubble/VLA

Starburst

M 82: Hubble/Spitzer/Chandra

→ Understand feedback between nucleus and CGM

AGN and Starbursts influence CGM

AGN

MS 0735.6+7421: Chandra/Hubble/VLA

Starburst

M 82: Hubble/Spitzer/Chandra

Understand feedback between nucleus and CGM

Do normal galaxies influence their CGM?

M83: Subaru/ESO/Hubble

Do normal galaxies influence their CGM?

Does the nuclear activity of quiescent galaxies influence their CGM?

Do normal galaxies influence their CGM?

Let's look to the Milky Way

Does the nuclear activity of quiescent galaxies influence their CGM?

M83: Subaru/ESO/Hubble

From Spitzer/GLIMPSE data Churchwell +09

Galactic bar mass Mass ~ 7×10⁹ M_{Sun} Size ~ 3 kpc

60°

90°

75,000 ly

60,000 |

45,000

Arm

enseus Arm

Outer Ann

120°

SCI

Norma Ann

0

taurus

Arm

From Spitzer/GLIMPSE data Churchwell +09

Sun

on Spur

15,000 ly

Galactic bar mass Mass ~ 7×10⁹ Msun Size ~ 3 kpc

60°

90°

75,000 ly

60,000 |

45.000

Seo train

enseus Arm

Outer Ann

120°

Scu

Norma Ann

0

taurus

Arm

From Spitzer/GLIMPSE data Churchwell +09

🖸 Sun

Orion Spur

15,000 ly

Galactic bar mass Mass ~ 7×10⁹ Msun Size ~ 3 kpc

60°

90°

75,000 ly

60,000

45,000.

Arm

Solution

enseus Arm

Outen Ann

120°

Scutu

Norma Ann

0

taurus

Arm

From Spitzer/GLIMPSE data Churchwell +09

🖸 Sun

Orion Spur

15,000 ly

Galactic bar mass Mass ~ 7×10⁹ Msun Size ~ 3 kpc

60°

90°

75,000 ly

60,000

45,000

Arm

Seo stal

enseus Arm

Outen Ann

120°

Scutu

Norma Arm

0

Laurus

Arm

From Spitzer/GLIMPSE data Churchwell +09

🖸 Sun

Orion Spur

15,000 ly

The central degrees of the Milky Way

The central degrees of the Milky Way

Molinari+11

Galactic longitude

The central degrees of the Milky Way

Central Molecular Zone Herschel column density map

140 pc

1 deg

Sgr A*

359.600

359.400

Molinari+11

Abundant gas reservoir ~3×10⁷ M_{Sun} Peculiar environment: forming stars at extremely low rate (10 times lower than expected)

359.800

Nevertheless -> Mini starburst

0.000

Galactic longitude

ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti+15

X-ray binaries

ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti+15

X-ray binaries

ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti+15

→ Sgr A* → No AGN!

140 pc 1 deg

X-ray binaries

Can activity at the GC influence our CGM?

ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti+15

→ SgrA* → No AGN!

140 pc

1 deg

Sgr A* current emission

Sgr A* current emission

Sgr A* monitoring

Sgr A* current emission

Sgr A* monitoring

+15; +18; +19; Brinkerink +15; Liu +16; Stone +16; Witzel +18; Lu +18; von Fellenberg 18; Fazio +18; Iwata +20 ; Gravity Coll. +20

Reflection of a past bright flash

Fe K α flux [ph cm⁻² s⁻¹ pixel⁻¹]

3.5e-08

See also Ponti+10;+13;+14; Clavel+13;+14; Yusef-Zadeh+13a,b;+19; Marin+14; Koyama+14;+18; Zhang+15; Mori+15; Nobukawa+15; +16; Walls+16; Krivonos+14;+17; Churazov+17a,b,c; Chuard+18; Chernyshov+18; Kuznetsova+19; Di Gesu+20; Khabibullin+20a,b

Reflection of a past bright flash

Fe K α flux [ph cm⁻² s⁻¹ pixel⁻¹]

All bright Fe K α clumps are variable \rightarrow Reflection by bright flash in the center

See also Ponti+10;+13;+14; Clavel+13;+14; Yusef-Zadeh+13a,b;+19; Marin+14; Koyama+14;+18; Zhang+15; Mori+15; Nobukawa+15; +16; Walls+16; Krivonos+14;+17; Churazov+17a,b,c; Chuard+18; Chernyshov+18; Kuznetsova+19; Di Gesu+20; Khabibullin+20a,b

Sgr A*'s past activity

Sgr A* monitoring

Sgr A*'s past activity

Sgr A* monitoring

Sgr A*'s past activity

Can we go further back in time?

Sgr A* monitoring

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

140 pc

1 deg

Bipolar lobes centred on Sgr A*

Patchy distribution with small and large structures Total luminosity of soft plasma: L_X ~ 3.4×10³⁶ erg s⁻¹

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

140 pc

1 deg

Bipolar lobes centred on Sgr A*

G359.77-0.09

Patchy distribution with small and large structures Total luminosity of soft plasma: L_X ~ 3.4×10³⁶ erg s⁻¹

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all (~15) SNR in the region

140 pc

1 deg

Ponti +15

| Name | Other name | Coordinates | Size | Reference |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------------|
| | | (l, b) | arcsec | |
| STAR CLUSTERS: | | | | |
| Central star cluster | | 359.9442, -0.046 | 0.33 | 45,116,117 |
| Quintuplet | | 0.1604, -0.0591 | 0.5 | 1,63,1 |
| Arches | G0.12+0.02 | 0.1217, 0.0188 | 0.7 | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 |
| Sh2-10 | DB00-6 | 0.3072,-0.2000 | 1.92 | 10,11,12,6 |
| Sh2-17 | DB00-58 | 0.0013, 0.1588 | 1.65 | 13,63,1 |
| DB00-05 | G0.33-0.18 | 0.31 -0.19 | 0.4 | 22,63,1 |
| SNR - BUBBLES - S | SUPER-BUBBLES: | | | |
| G359.0-0.9 | G358.5-0.9 - G359.1-0.9 | 359.03,-0.96 | 26×20 | X-R 48,51,75,76. |
| G359.07-0.02 | G359.0-0.0 | 359.07,-0.02 | 22×10 | R 14,48,5 |
| | G359.12-0.05 | 359.12,-0.05 | 24×16 | X 66 |
| G359.10-0.5 | | 359.10,-0.51 | 22×22 | X-R 37,48,51,56,74 |
| G359.41-0.12 | | 359.41,-0.12 | 3.5×5.0 | X 14 |
| Chimney | | 359.46,+0.04 | 6.8×2.3 | X 14 |
| G359.73-0.35‡ | | 359.73,-0.35 | 4 | X 58 |
| G359.77-0.09 | Superbubble | 359.84,-0.14 | 20×16 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G359.79-026b | 359.79,-0.26 | 8×5.2 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G0.0-0.16†† | 0.00,-0.16 | | X This w |
| G359.87+0.44 | Cane C350 85 10 30 | 359.87,+0.44 | 11×5 | R 48 |
| 20ma Can A * 'a lahaa | 0339.83+0.39 | 250.04 0.04 | E 00 | D 22 22 2 |
| 20pc Sgr A = s 100es | Parashuta C250.02.0.07 | 359.94, -0.04 | 0.00 | K 32,33,3 D 25 29 42 47 |
| G339.92-0.091 | Parachute - G359.93-0.07 | 359.93,-0.09 | | K 55,58,45,47, |
| Sgr A East | | 359.963, -0.053 | 3.2×2.5 | X-K 5,18,19,20 |
| 60.1-0.1 | | 0.109,-0.108 | 13.0 X 11 | X Inis w |
| CO 001 0 000 | G0.13,-0.12b | 0.13,-0.12 | 3 × 3 | X 1/ |
| 30.224-0.032 | G0.2.0.0 | 0.224,-0.032 | 2.3×4.6 | X This w |
| 30.30+0.04 | G0.3+0.0 | 0.34,+0.045 | 14×8.8 | R 21,48,51. |
| | G0.34+0.05 | | | |
| | G0.33+0.04 | 0.40.00 0 | | |
| G0.40-0.02 | Suzaku J1746.4-2835.4 G0.42-0.04 | 0.40,-0.02 | 4.7 X 7.4 | X 22 |
| G0.52-0.046 | | 0.519,-0.046◊ | 2.4×5.1 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.001 | | 0.57,-0.001 | 1.5×2.9 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.018† | CXO J174702.6-282733 | 0.570,-0.018 | 0.2 | X 23,24,58,5 |
| G0.61+0.01† | Suzaku J1747.0-2824.5 | 0.61,+0.01 | 2.2×4.8 | X 22,65 |
| G0.9+01♡ | SNR 0.9+0.1 | 0.867,+0.073 | 7.6×7.2 | R 25,26,27,28,29 |
| DS1 | G1.2-0.0 | 1.17,+0.00 | 3.4×6.9 | X 31 |
| Sgr D SNR | G1.02-0.18 | 1.02,-0.17 | 10×8.0 | R 30,31,48,51,7 |
| sen - s age agy ann ann Ainn aite ailde A | G1.05-0.15 | Constraint of the State of the | | |
| | G1.05-0.1 | | | |
| | G1.0-0.1 | | | |
| G1.4-0.1 | | 1.40.10 | 10×10 | R 73.81 |

Ponti +15

G1.4-0.1

1.4,-0.10

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all (~15) SNR in the region $3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

140 pc

1 deg

Ponti +15

| Name | Other name | Coordinates (1, b) | Size arcsec | Reference |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| STAR CLUSTERS: | | | | |
| Central star cluster | | 359.9442, -0.046 | 0.33 | 45,116,117 |
| Ouintuplet | | 0.1604, -0.0591 | 0.5 | 1,63,1 |
| Arches | G0.12+0.02 | 0.1217, 0.0188 | 0.7 | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 |
| Sh2-10 | DB00-6 | 0.3072,-0.2000 | 1.92 | 10,11,12,6 |
| Sh2-17 | DB00-58 | 0.0013, 0.1588 | 1.65 | 13,63,1 |
| DB00-05 | G0.33-0.18 | 0.31 -0.19 | 0.4 | 22,63,1 |
| SNR - BUBBLES - SU | JPER-BUBBLES: | | | |
| G359.0-0.9 | G358.5-0.9 - G359.1-0.9 | 359.03,-0.96 | 26×20 | X-R 48,51,75,76 |
| G359.07-0.02 | G359.0-0.0 | 359.07,-0.02 | 22×10 | R 14,48,5 |
| | G359.12-0.05 | 359.12,-0.05 | 24×16 | X 66 |
| G359.10-0.5 | | 359.10,-0.51 | 22×22 | X-R 37,48,51,56,74 |
| G359.41-0.12 | | 359.41,-0.12 | 3.5×5.0 | X 14 |
| Chimney | | 359.46,+0.04 | 6.8×2.3 | X 14 |
| G359.73-0.35‡ | | 359.73,-0.35 | 4 | X 58 |
| G359.77-0.09 | Superbubble | 359.84,-0.14 | 20×16 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G359.79-026b | 359.79,-0.26 | 8×5.2 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G0.0-0.16†† | 0.00,-0.16 | | X This w |
| G359.87+0.44 | Cane G359.85+0.39 | 359.87,+0.44 | 11×5 | R 48 |
| 20pc Sgr A*'s lobes | | 359.94, -0.04 | 5.88 | R 32.33.3 |
| G359.92-0.09± | Parachute - G359.93-0.07 | 359.930.09 | 1 | R 35,38,43,47 |
| Sgr A East | G0.0+0.0 | 359.963, -0.053 | 3.2×2.5 | X-R 5.18,19,20 |
| G0.1-0.1 | Arc Bubble | 0.109,-0.108 | 13.6×11 | X This w |
| | G0.130.12b | 0.130.12 | 3×3 | X 17 |
| G0.224-0.032 | | 0.224,-0.032 | 2.3×4.6 | X This w |
| G0.30+0.04 | G0.3+0.0 | 0.34,+0.045 | 14×8.8 | R 21,48,51 |
| | G0.34+0.05 | | | |
| | G0.33+0.04 | | | |
| G0.40-0.02 | Suzaku J1746.4-2835.4 G0.42-0.04 | 0.40,-0.02 | 4.7×7.4 | X 22 |
| G0.52-0.046 | | 0.5190.046 | 2.4×5.1 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.001 | | 0.570.001 | 1.5×2.9 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.018† | CXO J174702.6-282733 | 0.5700.018 | 0.2 | X 23.24.58.5 |
| G0.61+0.01† | Suzaku J1747.0-2824.5 | 0.61.+0.01 | 2.2×4.8 | X 22.65 |
| G0.9+01♡ | SNR 0.9+0.1 | 0.867.+0.073 | 7.6×7.2 | R 25.26.27.28.29 |
| DS1 | G1.2-0.0 | 1.17.+0.00 | 3.4×6.9 | X 31 |
| Sgr D SNR | G1.02-0.18 | 1.02,-0.17 | 10×8.0 | R 30,31,48,51.7 |
| | G1.05-0.15 | anana-at tabihit | 1978-1973 - 1973 - 1973-1973 197 | ······································ |
| | G1.05-0.1 | | | |
| | G1.0-0.1 | | | |
| G1.4-0.1 | | 1.40.10 | 10×10 | R 73.81 |

ATLAS OF DIFFUSE X-DAV EMITTING FEATURES

Ponti +15

G1.4-0.1

1.4,-0.10

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all (~15) SNR in the region $3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ Massive kinetic energy input > 1.1×10⁴⁰ erg s⁻¹

140 pc

1 deg

| Name | Other name | Coordinates (1, b) | Size arcsec | Reference |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---|
| STAR CLUSTERS | : | | | |
| Central star cluster | | 359.9442, -0.046 | 0.33 | 45,116,117 |
| Quintuplet | | 0.1604, -0.0591 | 0.5 | 1,63,1 |
| Arches | G0.12+0.02 | 0.1217, 0.0188 | 0.7 | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 |
| Sh2-10 | DB00-6 | 0.3072,-0.2000 | 1.92 | 10,11,12,6 |
| Sh2-17 | DB00-58 | 0.0013, 0.1588 | 1.65 | 13,63,1 |
| DB00-05 | G0.33-0.18 | 0.31 -0.19 | 0.4 | 22,63,1 |
| SNR - BUBBLES - | SUPER-BUBBLES: | | | |
| G359.0-0.9 | G358.5-0.9 - G359.1-0.9 | 359.03,-0.96 | 26×20 | X-R 48,51,75,76, |
| G359.07-0.02 | G359.0-0.0 | 359.07,-0.02 | 22×10 | R 14,48,5 |
| | G359.12-0.05 | 359.12,-0.05 | 24×16 | X 66 |
| G359.10-0.5 | | 359.10,-0.51 | 22×22 | X-R 37,48,51,56,74, |
| G359.41-0.12 | | 359.41,-0.12 | 3.5×5.0 | X 14 |
| Chimney | | 359.46,+0.04 | 6.8×2.3 | X 14 |
| G359.73-0.35‡ | | 359.73,-0.35 | 4 | X 58 |
| G359.77-0.09 | Superbubble | 359.84,-0.14 | 20×16 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G359.79-026b | 359.79,-0.26 | 8×5.2 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G0.0-0.16†† | 0.00,-0.16 | | X This w |
| G359.87+0.44 | Cane G359.85+0.39 | 359.87,+0.44 | 11×5 | R 48 |
| 20pc Sgr A*'s lobes | 8 | 359.94, -0.04 | 5.88 | R 32,33,34 |
| G359.92-0.09‡ | Parachute - G359.93-0.07 | 359.93,-0.09 | 1 | R 35,38,43,47 |
| Sgr A East | G0.0+0.0 | 359.963, -0.053 | 3.2×2.5 | X-R 5,18,19,20 |
| G0.1-0.1 | Arc Bubble | 0.109,-0.108 | 13.6×11 | X This w |
| | G0.13,-0.12b | 0.13,-0.12 | 3×3 | X 17 |
| G0.224-0.032 | | 0.224,-0.032 | 2.3×4.6 | X This w |
| G0.30+0.04 | G0.3+0.0 | 0.34,+0.045 | 14×8.8 | R 21,48,51. |
| | G0.34+0.05 | | | |
| | G0.33+0.04 | | | |
| G0.40-0.02 | Suzaku J1746.4-2835.4 G0.42-0.04 | 0.40,-0.02 | 4.7×7.4 | X 22 |
| G0.52-0.046 | | 0.519,-0.046 | 2.4×5.1 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.001 | | 0.570.001 | 1.5×2.9 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.018† | CXO J174702.6-282733 | 0.5700.018 | 0.2 | X 23,24,58,5 |
| G0.61+0.01† | Suzaku J1747.0-2824.5 | 0.61,+0.01 | 2.2×4.8 | X 22,65. |
| G0.9+01♡ | SNR 0.9+0.1 | 0.867.+0.073 | 7.6×7.2 | R 25.26.27.28.29 |
| DS1 | G1.2-0.0 | 1.17.+0.00 | 3.4×6.9 | X 31 |
| Sgr D SNR | G1.02-0.18 | 1.020.17 | 10×8.0 | R 30.31.48.51.7 |
| | G1.05-0.15 | | | ,,,., |
| | G1.05-0.1 | | | |
| | G1.0-0.1 | | | |
| G1.4-0.1 | ಂಡುವಾದ್ರಿಕ್ಷೇಂ ಹೊಗೆಗಳು | 1.40.10 | 10×10 | R 73.81 |
| | | | | |

Ponti +15

G1.4-0.1

1.4,-0.10

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all (~15) SNR in the region $3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ Massive kinetic energy input > 1.1×10⁴⁰ erg s⁻¹

Powering outflows to Galactic center lobe?

Law +11; Crocker +11; 12; Yoast-Hull +14; Jouvin +15

140 pc

1 deg

Ponti +15

| Name | Other name | Coordinates (1, b) | Size arcsec | Reference |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| STAR CLUSTERS: | | | | |
| Central star cluster | | 359.9442, -0.046 | 0.33 | 45,116,117 |
| Quintuplet | | 0.1604, -0.0591 | 0.5 | 1,63,11 |
| Arches | G0.12+0.02 | 0.1217, 0.0188 | 0.7 | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 |
| Sh2-10 | DB00-6 | 0.3072,-0.2000 | 1.92 | 10,11,12,6 |
| Sh2-17 | DB00-58 | 0.0013, 0.1588 | 1.65 | 13,63,1 |
| DB00-05 | G0.33-0.18 | 0.31 -0.19 | 0.4 | 22,63,1 |
| SNR - BUBBLES - S | SUPER-BUBBLES: | | | |
| G359.0-0.9 | G358.5-0.9 - G359.1-0.9 | 359.03,-0.96 | 26×20 | X-R 48,51,75,76, |
| G359.07-0.02 | G359.0-0.0 | 359.07,-0.02 | 22×10 | R 14,48,5 |
| | G359.12-0.05 | 359.12,-0.05 | 24×16 | X 66 |
| G359.10-0.5 | | 359.10,-0.51 | 22×22 | X-R 37,48,51,56,74, |
| G359.41-0.12 | | 359.41,-0.12 | 3.5×5.0 | X 14 |
| Chimney | | 359.46,+0.04 | 6.8×2.3 | X 14 |
| G359.73-0.35‡ | | 359.73,-0.35 | 4 | X 58 |
| G359.77-0.09 | Superbubble | 359.84,-0.14 | 20×16 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G359.79-026b | 359.79,-0.26 | 8×5.2 | X 15,16,1 |
| | G0.0-0.16†† | 0.00,-0.16 | | X This w |
| G359.87+0.44 | Cane G359.85+0.39 | 359.87,+0.44 | 11×5 | R 48 |
| 20pc Sgr A*'s lobes | | 359.94, -0.04 | 5.88 | R 32,33,34 |
| G359.92-0.09± | Parachute - G359.93-0.07 | 359.93,-0.09 | 1 | R 35,38,43,47. |
| Sgr A East | G0.0+0.0 | 359.963, -0.053 | 3.2×2.5 | X-R 5,18,19,20 |
| G0.1-0.1 | Arc Bubble | 0.109,-0.108 | 13.6×11 | X This w |
| | G0.13,-0.12b | 0.13,-0.12 | 3×3 | X 17 |
| G0.224-0.032 | | 0.224,-0.032 | 2.3×4.6 | X This w |
| G0.30+0.04 | G0.3+0.0 | 0.34,+0.045 | 14×8.8 | R 21,48,51, |
| | G0.34+0.05 | | | |
| | G0.33+0.04 | | | |
| G0.40-0.02 | Suzaku J1746.4-2835.4 G0.42-0.04 | 0.40,-0.02 | 4.7×7.4 | X 22 |
| G0.52-0.046 | | 0.519,-0.046 | 2.4×5.1 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.001 | | 0.570.001 | 1.5×2.9 | This wo |
| G0.57-0.018† | CXO J174702.6-282733 | 0.570,-0.018 | 0.2 | X 23,24,58,59 |
| G0.61+0.01† | Suzaku J1747.0-2824.5 | 0.61,+0.01 | 2.2×4.8 | X 22,65, |
| G0.9+01♡ | SNR 0.9+0.1 | 0.867,+0.073 | 7.6×7.2 | R 25.26.27.28.29 |
| DS1 | G1.2-0.0 | 1.17,+0.00 | 3.4×6.9 | X 31 |
| Sgr D SNR | G1.02-0.18 | 1.02,-0.17 | 10×8.0 | R 30,31,48,51.7 |
| are so nnyou ar in 1979 (1920) | G1.05-0.15 | 202412492047 78-0494024825 | | |
| | G1.05-0.1 | | | |
| | G1.0-0.1 | | | |
| G1 4-0 1 | | 1 4 -0 10 | 10×10 | R 73.81 |

ATI AS OF DIFFUSE Y DAV EMITTING FEATURES

Ponti +15

G1.4-0.1

1.4,-0.10

Discovery of high latitude hot plasma



Discovery of high latitude hot plasma

What is this?



Galactic center radio lobe



What is the origin of this hot plasma?



What is the origin of this hot plasma? Hot atmosphere of the Galactic center? Ponti +15 1.000 359.50 Galactic Innotude 0.44 0.32 0.23 0.26





What is the origin of this hot plasma? Hot atmosphere of the Galactic center?









ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti 2019, Nature

Base of gamma-ray bubble.

2.35-2.56 S xv 2.7-3.0 keV

Galactic plane .

Northern chimney

~160 light years

Sagittarius A*



ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti 2019, Nature

Base of gamma-ray bubble.

2.35-2.56 S xv 2.7-3.0 keV

Galactic plane

Flow molecular matter

Hot outflow Northern chimney

~160 light years

Sagittarius A*





The Galactic center Chimneys



The Galactic center Chimneys



The Galactic center Chimneys

Ponti +2019, Nature





The Galactic center Chimneys

Ponti +2019, Nature









Galactic longitude



Latitudinal distance in pc from Sgr A*



Galactic longitude



Latitudinal distance in pc from Sgr A*







Outflow has radio counterpart





Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) \rightarrow shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10^2 pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow







Radio emission

→ What is the origin of the non-thermal radio filaments?

MeerKAT: 1.284 GHz



SNR









SNR

0

→ Only in the GC









→ Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Only in the GC









→ Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field

→ Only in the GC





Source motion

Harps



→ Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Generated by any source of relativistic particles which Thomas+20 illuminate the magnetic field line

→ Only in the GC





Source motion

Harps



→ Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Generated by any source of relativistic particles which Thomas+20 illuminate the magnetic field line

→ Imply a magnetic field dominating the pressure

→ Only in the GC





Source motion

Harps



Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Generated by any source of relativistic particles which Thomas+20 illuminate the magnetic field line

→ Imply a magnetic field dominating the pressure

Magnetic field divergent at ~0.5-1° from the plane? Ponti+20

2 (1-5)

→ Only in the GC





Source motion

Harps

3-5-2)



Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Generated by any source of relativistic particles which Thomas+20 illuminate the magnetic field line

→ Imply a magnetic field dominating the pressure

Magnetic field divergent at ~0.5-1° from the plane? Ponti+20

Can the outflow generate shocks which enhance the field and accelerate particles? Ponti+20

-0.5



Source motion

Harps



→ Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Generated by any source of relativistic particles which Thomas+20 illuminate the magnetic field line

→ Imply a magnetic field dominating the pressure

Magnetic field divergent at ~0.5-1° from the plane? Ponti+20

Can the outflow generate shocks which enhance the field and accelerate particles? Ponti+20

Alternatives:

Magnetic reconnection; Pulsar wind nebulae; Alfven waves; Magnetised wakes of molecular clouds; Stellar winds; Acceleration in young star clusters

Lesch+92; Serbin+94; Rosner +96; Shore +99; Bicknell +01; Yusef-Zadeh +03; 19; Bykov +17; Sofie +20



Source motion

Harps

(5))



→ Tracers of intense (~1 mG), pervasive vertical magnetic field
Morris+96

→ Generated by any source of relativistic particles which Thomas+20 illuminate the magnetic field line

→ Imply a magnetic field dominating the pressure

Magnetic field divergent at ~0.5-1° from the plane? Ponti+20

Can the outflow generate shocks which enhance the field and accelerate particles? Ponti+20

Alternatives:

Magnetic reconnection; Pulsar wind nebulae; Alfven waves; Magnetised wakes of molecular clouds; Stellar winds; Acceleration in young star clusters

Lesch+92; Serbin+94; Rosner +96; Shore +99; Bicknell +01; Yusef-Zadeh +03; 19; Bykov +17; Sofie +20

Importance of magnetic field



Source motion

Harps





Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) \rightarrow shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10^2 pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow





Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) \rightarrow shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10^2 pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

→ Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface



Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) \rightarrow shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10^2 pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

→ Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface

→ AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94
WISE: 12.08 μm MeerKAT: 1.284 GHz WISE: 22.2 μm

Multi-phase multi-epoch Galactic outflow

plasma (X-rays) n dust (mid-IR) → :ks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10² pc scales

Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

→ Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface

→ AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94

WISE: 12.08 μm MeerKAT: 1.284 GHz WISE: 22.2 μm

Multi-phase multi-epoch Galactic outflow

plasma (X-rays) n dust (mid-IR) → :ks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10² pc scales

Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

- → Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface
- → AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94
- → Shocks over the entire perimeter of AFGL5376



Large scale cold Galactic outflow





Large scale cold Galactic outflow

Base Fermi bubbles



Base Fermi bubbles





AFGL 5376 similar to clouds at the base of the Fermi bubbles

Small scale molecular Galactic outflow



Small scale molecular - lactic outflow

Ponti+20





Small scale molecular - lactic outflow

Ponti+20







Small scale molecular Galactic outflow



Small scale molecular Galactic outflow



Galactic longitude

| _ | | 15 pc | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|-------|----|---|-------|--|---|--|----|-------|--|
| 0.300 | , | | i. | (| 0.200 | | ì | | 24 | 0.100 | |



Multi-phase multi-epoch Galactic outflow

Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-lR) → shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10² pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

- → Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface
- → AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94
- → Shocks over the entire perimeter of AFGL5376



SNR

H₃⁺ survey → outflow of warm diffuse gas

Foreground

A REAL PROPERTY.

SNR

(4-12)

SNR

<mark>X-rays: 1.5-2.6 keV</mark> Mid-IR: 22.2/12.08 μm <mark>Radio: 1.284 GHz</mark>

Multi-phase multi-epoch Galactic outflow

Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) → shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10² pc scales

Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

- → Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface
- → AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94
- → Shocks over the entire perimeter of AFGL5376
- → Multi-phase (hot, molecular, warm-diffuse)



SNR

H₃⁺ survey → outflow of warm diffuse gas

Foreground

A REAL PROPERTY.

SNR

SNR

X-rays: 1.5-2.6 keV Mid-IR: 22.2/12.08 μm **Radio: 1.284 GHz**

Multi-phase multi-epoch Galactic outflow

Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) → shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10² pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

- → Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface
- → AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94
- → Shocks over the entire perimeter of AFGL5376
- → Multi-phase (hot, molecular, warm-diffuse)
- → Multi-scale and multi-epoch outflow



SNR

H_3^+ survey \rightarrow outflow of warm diffuse gas

Foreground

otrusit

SNR

X-rays: 1.5-2.6 keV Mid-IR: 22.2/12.08 µm Radio: 1.284 GHz

Multi-phase multi-epoch **Galactic outflow**

Hot plasma (X-rays) warm dust (mid-IR) \rightarrow shocks (radio)

Coherent features on > 10^2 pc scales

→ Deeply interconnected and linked to the Galactic outflow

→ Strong shocks at the chimney-ISM interface

- \rightarrow AFGL 5376 > 0.1 kpc molecular shock Uchida+94
- → Shocks over the entire perimeter of AFGL5376
- → Multi-phase (hot, molecular, warm-diffuse)
- → Multi-scale and multi-epoch outflow

What we do not understand:

Projection effects? Origin of protrusion? Hot plasma has small pressure \rightarrow Relic outflow? Different driver? (Cosmic rays? Alfven MHD waves? Fast&Cold outflow? Very hot plasma?) **AGN driven? Starburst?**













Fermi RGB image

Selig +15

The channel feeding the Fermi bubbles



ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti et al. 2019, Nature

Base of gamma-ray bubble

Galactic plane

Northern chimney

Sagittarius A*

Base of gamma-ray bubble

Southern chimney

ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti et al. 2019, Nature



The channel feeding the Fermi bubbles



ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti et al. 2019, Nature

Base of gamma ray bubble

Galactic plane

Northerr himne

Sagittarius A*

Does have an effect on CGM!



Base of gamma-ray bubble

Southern

ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti et al. 2019, Nature



Summary







































eROSITA (Spektr-RG)'s launch Baikonur, July 13th, 2019

Source: Roscosmos





European Research Council



Rosat all-sky soft X-ray survey









European Research Council



Rosat all-sky soft X-ray survey



Milky Way center





Rosat all-sky soft X-ray survey

European Research Council

Global outflow?

erc



Fountains?



Inner outflow outer inflow?

Milky Way center









Rosat all-sky soft X-ray survey

European Research Council

Global outflow?

erc



How is the disc-CGM exchange?



Inner outflow outer inflow?

Milky Way center

Chaotic flow?









European Research Council





Milky Way center

eROSITA (first 6 months)









Discovery of the eROSITA bubbles!



European Research Council

North polar spur appears part of a bubble







Discovery of the eROSITA bubbles!



European Research Council

North polar spur appears part of a bubble



Such bubble has a Southern counterpart






Discovery of the eROSITA bubbles!



European Research Council

North polar spur appears part of a bubble



Such bubble has a Southern counterpart



→ Origin at the Galactic center



erc

Discovery of the eROSITA bubbles!



European Research Council

North polar spur appears part of a bubble



Such bubble has a Southern counterpart



→ Origin at the Galactic center





erc

Discovery of the eROSITA bubbles!



European Research Council

North polar spur appears part of a bubble



Such bubble has a Southern counterpart

X-rays: eROSITA y-rays: Fermi

→ Origin at the Galactic center





erc

Chimneys: The base of the Galactic outflow



ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti et al. 2019, Nature

Base of gamma-ray bubble

Galactic plane

Northern chimney

Sagittarius A*

Base of gamma-ray bubble

Southern chimney



Chimneys: The base of the Galactic outflow

Normal galaxies hold outflows to CGM



ESA News/XMM-Newton/G. Ponti et al. 2019, Nature

Galactic plane

Northern chimney

Sagittarius A*

Base of gamma-ray bubble

Southern chimney



eROSITA has the power to constrain the CGM



European Research Council

Predehl et al. 2020, Nature

Base of gamma-ray bubble.

Galactic plane

Northern chimney

Sagittarius A*

Base of gamma-ray bubble

Southern chimne





eROSITA has the power to constrain the CGM



European Research Council

How is the disc-CGM exchange?

Predehl et al. 2020, Nature





Southerr chimn



